

#### Connect > Support > Advance

# Session 3A Information security and privacy: A toolkit for government

Presented by

Michael Shatter
National Director, Security and Privacy Risk Services
RSM Australia

## What are we covering today?



- 1. The Security Risk Landscape
- 2. Impact of Privacy
- 3. Security Fatigue
- 4. Human Capital Security Risks
- 5. Demonstrating Value

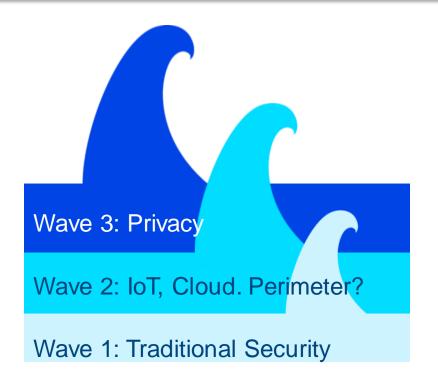
## The Security Risk Landscape



- Attackers don't differentiate between big and small targets
- Many systems are fully automated
- A breach can be dangerous if an attacker obtains password data that provides access to various systems.
- The end user is the easiest point in the network to attack
- Big breaches start with small compromises

## The Security Risk Landscape





<u>Wave 1</u>: Defend company's data/crown jewels. Hundreds of devices.

<u>Wave 2</u>: Defend company's data/crown jewels. Explosive growth of attack surface (IoT, cloud, mobile). Thousands of devices.

Wave 3: Defend individuals' data.

Millions of records – Erosion of Public

Trust

Connect > Support > Advance

#### Social Attacks Increasing in Frequency

## The Institute of Internal Auditors Australia

#### Social Attacks Increasing in Frequency

85%

Chubb experienced an 85% increase in Ransomware claims in 2016.\*

33%

Since 2016, the Healthcare Industry accounted for 33% of the Ransomware incidents handled by Chubb.\*



43%

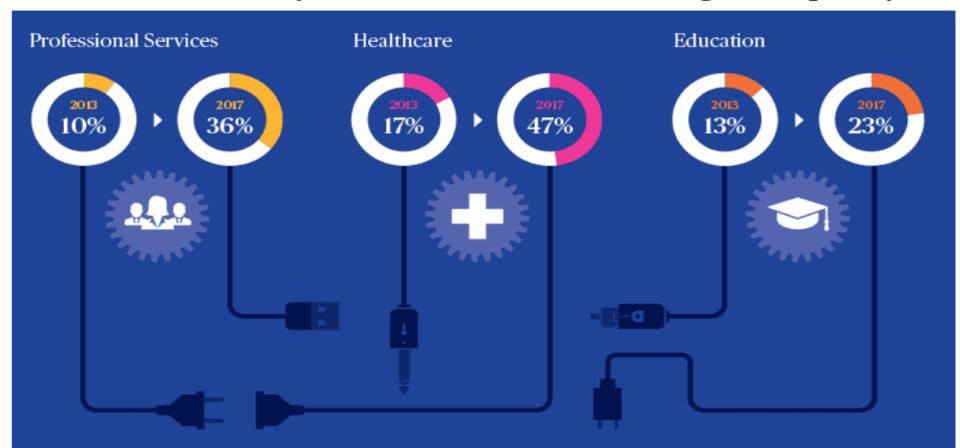
Social attacks were utilized in 43% of all breaches analyzed by Verizon in its 2017 Data Breach Investigations Report."

93%

Phishing made up 93% of social incidents reviewed.\*\*

"Source: Chubb's global claims data (10 years of data as of December 2015 "Source: Vertzon's 2017 Data Breach investigations Repor

#### Incidents caused by human error are increasing in frequency



## **Privacy**



Australian Privacy Principles – They do not apply to Councils...

#### But...

- National Data Breach Scheme applies
  - Section 26WB Recipients of TFN's
- NSW Privacy and Personal Information Protection Act 1998 (PPIP Act) applies to local councils
- NSW Health Records and Information Privacy Act 2002 (HRIP Act) applies to local councils

## **Security Fatigue**





Connect > Support > Advance

## **Human Capital Security Risks**







## **Human Capital Security Risks**



- Assess current security awareness
  - Social engineering exercises
- Develop a security awareness campaign
- Commit to the campaign across the organisation
- Update the campaign to reflect current risks
- Measure its effectiveness Refine it or the approach
- Re-run it

## **Demonstrating Value**



- Public organisations have to justify budget investments
- Is the organisation paying too much for security?
- What's the financial impact due to inadequate security
- When is security investment enough?
- Is the security product/service beneficial to the organisation?

Can be difficult to measure and report on the security investment

## **Demonstrating Value**



### **Assessment & Analysis**

- Should be treated in line with other business costs
- Reported on a periodic basis
- Communicated to stakeholders
- Comply with analysis process
- Include in decision making
- Refine
- Re-assess and Review

#### So to conclude



- Test your security.
- Invest in but measure your security.
- Determine if you need a plan to address:
  - Notifiable Data Breach scheme preparation
- Know where your crown jewels are Protect the castle.
- Have a breach response plan in place Develop it, test it, update it and train on it



#### **Connect > Support > Advance**

## Thank you

**QUESTIONS?**