SUPPLY CHAIN RISK MANAGEMENT

Western Australia Internal Audit Conference – 16 & 17 September 2021





Presentation outline

- Identification of your organisation's supply chain and understanding of its risk profile
- Impact of regulation and compliance requirements such as Modern Slavery and Sanctions
- Sourcing risks related to the operational effectiveness of the supply chain
- Addressing third party risk in the supply chain
- Mapping the supply chain processes Identifying control gaps amnd risk exposures
- Insights on methodologies to deliver value in completing an audit / risk assessment of the supply chain

÷

Strategic importance of supply chain management

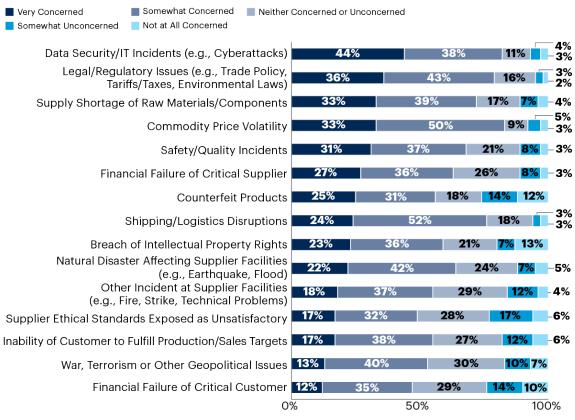


- cost savings from acquiring goods and services
- minimising expenses on inventory and capital
- avoiding waste and duplication
- higher levels of demand can be met
- profit from lower costs and higher revenue
- quality improvements from sourcing better materials
- customer satisfaction from balancing supply and demand
- failures/transgressions of third parties will reflect on the business

Sourcing risks related to the operational effectiveness of the supply chain

Top Risks Within Supply and Demand Chains

Percentage of Respondents



n = 270

Source: SCM World's 2018 Future of Supply Chain Survey

717238

Current examples of supply chain disruption

Blade mishap for BMW's

Australian cobalt supplier www.afr.co

Trade in fake goods is now 3.3% of world trade and rising. http://www.oecd.org/governance/trade-in

Semiconductor shortage will hit auto

industry well into 2021 https://www.automotivelogistics.media/

Container chaos as COVID, industrial action, weather cause 'perfect storm' for import and export delays. www.abc.net.au

Retailers to face continued pandemic-induced supply chain pain well into 2021

Everywhere You Look, the Global Supply Chain Is a Mess. Winter storms and crammed ports in the U.S. add to disruptions of production and supplies during the pandemic — www.wsj.com

Samsung, a smartphone and chip-making giant, said a severe global shortage in semiconductors would hurt its business into the next quarter.

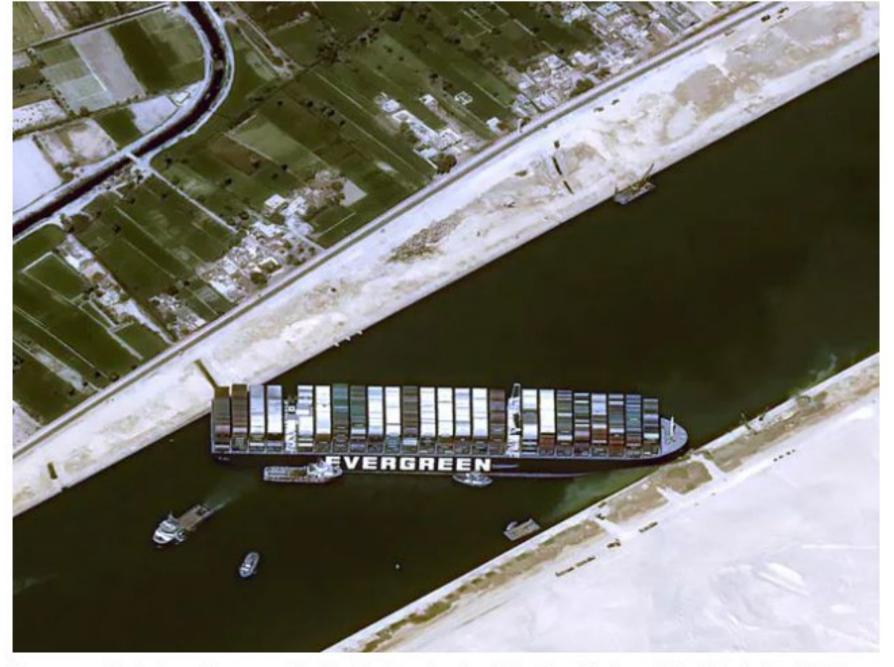
Xinjiang cotton sparks concern over

'forced labour' claims https://www.bbc.com/news/business-50312010

Despite numerous supply-chain upheavals inflicted by disasters in the last decade — including the eruption of a volcano in Iceland, the Japanese earthquake and tsunami, Thailand floods, and Hurricanes Maria and Harvey — most companies still found themselves unprepared for the Covid-

19 pandemic. https://hbr.org/2020/03/coronavirus-is-a-wake-up-call-for-supply-

<u>chain</u> -management



The owners of a giant container vessel blocking the Suez Canal said they faced "extreme difficulty" refloating it. Picture: AFP Source:AFP

Modern Slavery and Sanctions

- What is modern slavery?
- Actual examples of modern slavery the seafood industry
- Why should we be concerned about modern slavery and sanctions?
- Know where your products/services originate countries with a weak regulatory environment, human right breaches or subject to sanctions.

Wesfarmers Modern Slavery Overview 2021



Addressing third party risk in the supply chain

Third parties expose businesses to strategic, operational, financial, and compliance risks.

- Being held accountable for the actions of third parties
- Supply chains are multi-dimensional ecosystems, requiring exponentially higher levels of collaboration and connectivity
- Criticality of third-party suppliers on the business (who are they)
- Monitoring and reporting routines
- Legal and compliance to understand regulatory requirements and stay abreast of new guidance (Product safety)
- Contracting processes (contract review, negotiating terms and approvals)
- Termination activities such as when and how to exit a third-party relationship
- Contingency plans to prevent disruption of processes and services

Addressing third party risk in the supply chain

Table 1. Third-Party-Risk Universe										
Third-Party Risk Category (Level 1)	Risk Type (Level 2)	Risk Subtype (Level 3)	Risk Definition	Possible Impact of TP Risk on the Organization	Owner					
Third-Party Risk - Legal and	Information/Data	Protection of Records	The risk that records are not protected from loss, destruction, falsification,							
compliance Risk	Management Risk		unauthorized access and unauthorized release, in accordance with legislation,							
			regulatory, contractual and business requirements.							
Third-Party Risk - Legal and	Force Majeure Risk		The risk that a force majeure clause - providing a temporary reprieve to the							
compliance Risk			third party from performing its obligations under a contract upon occurrence							
			of a force majeure event - is not included in the their contracts with							
			customers, suppliers and vendors, which may expose the third party to legal or							
[Example] Third-Party Risk - Legal	Nepotism	Favorable Treatment	The risk of third party favoring specific vendors or suppliers due to personal							
and Compliance Risk			relationships.							
Third-Party Risk - Cyber and	Information Monitoring Risk	Social Media	The risk that third party's employees do not exercise their best judgment and							
Information Technology Risk			personal responsibility when discussing the third party on social media or							
			other open source platforms. Or the risk that the third party does not monitor							
			social media or other open source platforms for negative sentiments uploaded							
			by any current or former employee, resulting in the loss of reputation for the							
			third party.							
[Example] Third-Party Risk - Cyber	Data Security Training Risk		The risk that third party's employees either do not understand or do not apply							
and Information Technology Risk			security training concepts to their work.							
Third-Party Risk - Financial Risk	Financial	Budget & Planning Risk	The risk that nonexistent, unrealistic, irrelevant or unreliable budget and							
	Planning/Information Risks		planning information for the third party may cause inappropriate financial							
			decisions.							
Third-Party Risk - Financial Risk	Valuation Risks		Financial factors posing direct risks to the organization's value. For example,							
			incorrect valuation of third party assets, etc.							
Third-Party Risk - Strategic Risk	Business Model Risks	Geographic Dispersion Risk	The risk that the third party is overly dependent on a specific geographic							
			markets because of the concentration of certain aspects of the business.							
[Example] Third-Party Risk -	Competition Risks	Hostile Takeover Risk	The risk that the third party becomes the acquisition target of a competing							
Strategic Risk			organization.							
Third-Party Risk - Operational	Suppliers or Vendor Exposure	Supplier or Vendor Credit Risk	The risk that a third party's supplier or vendor has poor credit and represents a							
Risks	Risk		significant operational risk to the third party's ability to meet its obligations.							
[Example] Third-Party Risk -	Suppliers or Vendor Exposure	Supplier or Vendor	The risk that third party employees disclose confidential information to other-							
Operational Risks	Risk	Information Sharing Risk	parties (vendors or suppliers) without explicit or implicit individual consent.							

Mapping the supply chain processes – Identifying control gaps and risk exposures

Assess value-chain nodes to identify key risks.



Audit / risk assessment of the supply chain

- Work closely with functions to ensure effective coordination and cross-silo partnership
- Understand Supply Chain objectives and strategic plans
- Understand and document the supply chain universe
- Preparing an assurance map and understanding the 3LOD
- Determining the assurance priority of key areas
- Key risk areas involve subject matter experts Integrated approach
- Do we understand what is the best way to manage risk?
- Use of data analytics depending on the scope

Assurance map example

			1st Line of Defence: Business Operations			2nd	3rd Line of Defence: Independent Assurance				
Process	Risk(s)	Aggregate Level of Assurance	Policy and Procedures	Management oversight & reporting	Self Assessment	Executive, Audit Committee or Treasury reporting	Independent oversight = e.g. Compliance & Legal overview, Health and Safety overview, Risk Review, Other Internal Review, Centralised monitoring		Internal Audit	External Audit	Other Assurance
New product development and research	Governance and Compliance Risk Fraud/ Corruption	Medium assurance	High assurance	High assurance	None	High assurance	None	Medium assurance	High assurance	High assurance	None
Sustainability and ethical sourcing	Ethical Sourcing Climate Change Environment		Medium assurance	Medium assurance	None	None	Medium assurance	None	None	None	None
Supplier onboarding and management	Governance and Compliance Risk Fraud/ Corruption		High assurance	Medium assurance	None	Medium assurance	None	None	Medium assurance	Medium assurance	None
Product safety and quality	Product or Service Failure Competition - Market or economic changes (Customer offer fails to resonate)	None	Medium assurance	None	None	None	None	None	None	None None	
International logisitics	Governance and Compliance Risk Supply Chain Interruption		Medium assurance	Medium assurance	None	None	None	None	High assurance	None	None

		Other risk and emerging issues considerations				FY22 IA Planning Considerations and development of IA Plan							
Process	Aggregate Level of Risk	Internal Audit Projects Outcome	Critical IT System Changes	Other risks (e.g. change in key personnel, COVID impact)		Assurance Priority	Last Recent Audit	Prior Audit Cycle (per 5 year view)	Consideration for Management actions	FY22 IA Plan (Yes/ No)	Bespoke DATA?	DA Platform?	
New product development and research	Low Risk	Low Risk	None	None		High	FY20	2					
Sustainability and ethical sourcing	None	None	None	None		Low	N/A	RP					
Supplier onboarding and management	Low Risk	Low Risk	None	None		High	FY20	1					
Product safety and quality	None	None	None	None		High	FY19	3					
International logisitics	High Risk	High Risk	None	None		Medium	FY21	3					

Assurance map example

Embrace

FY22 STRATEGIC PRIORITIES · Increasing competitive intensity or challenging market outlook Supply chain and sourcing Changing customer expectations Wide and growing competitor set Supply chain and sourcing transformation · New technology and digital capabilities Legacy systems and processes Disruption Capturing and leveraging data FY22 IA PLAN PRIORITY - ASSURANCE COVERAGE CORPORATE **GOVERNANCE / FINANCE** MERCHANDISE 1 2 3 1 2 3 PEOPLE MANAGEMENT PROPERTY SALES, MARKETING AND CUSTOMER SERVICE 123 SUPPLY CHAIN **TECHNOLOGY AND** DEVELOPMENT ASSURANCE COVERAGE - KEY IA Priority Group Risk Appetite Assurance Coverage - 3LOD Level of Assurance IA Coverage High Averse 1st LOD - Management (FYxx,FY22) - FYxx last completed High (FYxx, FY22) - FY22 plan Medium Minimal 2nd LOD - Independent Oversight Medium 3rd LOD - Independent Assurance (exc. IA) Cautious Low Note (refer to slide 24) Not rated Receptive None 1,2... Rationale for FY2022 priority inclusion

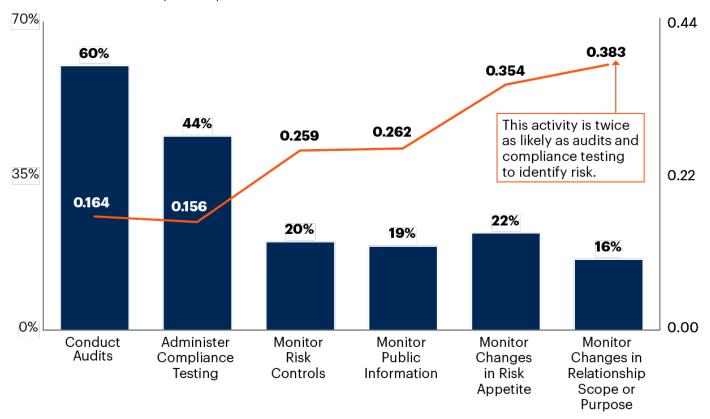
Not Rated

A.B. Not in FY2022 IA Plan, FY2023 consideration

Relationship Between Monitoring Activities and Risk Outcomes

Relationship Between Monitoring Activities and Risk Outcomes

Percentage of Organizations That Perform This ActivityCorrelation With Ability to Identify Risk



 $\begin{array}{l} n = 953 \\ \text{Source: 2019 Gartner Cross-Functional Third-Party Risk Management Model} \\ 714401 \end{array}$

Value of a successful supply chain

- Ultimately profitability
- Cashflow and capital management
- Organisational resilience and responsiveness
- Reputation of the organisation for example ethical sourcing
- Client satisfaction
- Team member culture and support

Questions